KidneyIntelX [™] Test Report	Coll	lered By lection Date reived Date scimen ID	FRAN LAKE 03/07/2022 03/08/2022 665544	
PATIENT INFORMATION				
NAME JANE LEE		01/01/1960	MEDICAL RECORD # 00998877	
RISK OF PROGRESSIVE DECLINE IN KIDNEY FUNCTION				
45 Intermediate 45 Intermediate 45 Intermediate 85 10 60 The KidneyIntelX score ranges from 0-100 and correlate		intermedi score have risk of pro in kid	ents with an ate KidneyInteIX an intermediate ogressive decline ney function	

The KidneyIntelX score ranges from 0-100 and correlates with the probability of progressive decline in kidney function in the study population. Risk classification is provided to guide interpretation of the risk score using cut-offs related to clinical outcomes.

SIGNED Michael Donovan PhD, MD

REPORT DATE 03/14/2022 TIME 10:05 AM (UTC)

Laboratory Director: Michael J. Donovan PhD, MD. Renalytix, 101 6th Avenue, 3rd Floor, Room 324, New York, NY 10013. CLIA Number: 3302156875

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Renalytix, Inc. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA nor is it currently required to be. The laboratory is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing. The test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. See page 2 for further details.

GUIDELINE RECOMMENDED CLINICAL PATHWAY			
In addition to lifestyle modifications and metformin, the following pharmacologic strategies are recommended to reduce risks of CKD progression and cardiovascular disease	Frequency of Monitoring		
 Titrate ACEi or ARB to the maximum tolerated dose SGLT2i (or GLP-1 RA if SGLT2i not tolerated or contraindicated) Consider non-steroidal MRA, if clinically indicated 	• Monitor eGFR and UACR up to 2 times per year		

Clinical pathway recommendations based on the following guidelines:

 \cdot American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes 2022

 \cdot KDIGO 2020 Clinical Practice Guideline for Diabetes Management in CKD

 \cdot VA/DoD Clinical Practice Guidelines- Management of CKD (2019)

· KDIGO 2012 Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Evaluation and Management of CKD



CLINICAL VALIDATION STUDY RESULTS

The KidneyIntelX test was validated in an analysis of patients with type 2 diabetes selected from two independent cohorts with chronic kidney disease (CKD) status representative of patients in the intended use population. The model relating KidneyIntelX score to progressive decline in kidney function over 5 years in the validation study is displayed in Figure 1a and 1b below.

Figure 1a. KidneyIntelX Score and Event Rate of Progressive Decline in Kidney Function

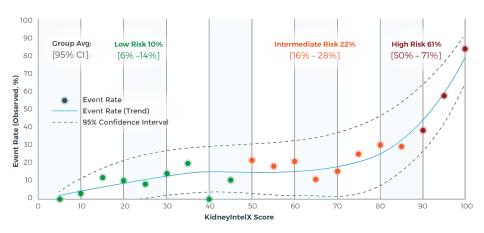
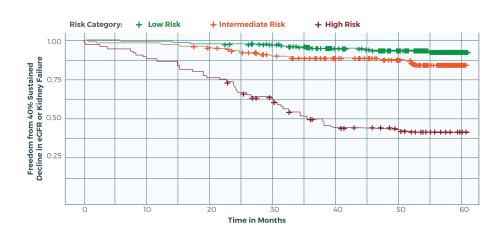


Figure 1b. Kaplan-Meier Curves by KidneyIntelX Risk Strata for the Endpoint of Sustained 40% Decline in eGFR or Kidney Failure



In the clinical validation study, patients who had a **KidneyIntelX score ≥ 50** and ≤ 85 were classified as intermediate risk. The intermediate risk patient group averaged a 22% probability of progressive decline in kidney function up to 5 years compared to the low and high risk groups that averaged a 10% and 61% probability, respectively.

Patients classified as high risk by KidneyIntelX experienced faster progression to the endpoint of sustained 40% decline in eGFR or kidney failure. Separation of the Kaplan-Meier curve in the high-risk group occurred within the first year and progressively declined over time.

Ref: Chan L, et al. MedRxiv 2020.06.01.20119522

ABOUT THE TEST

KidneyIntelX is a quantitative electrochemiluminescence immunoassay using the MESO SECTOR S 600 instrument for measurement of soluble Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor 1 (sTNFR1), soluble Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor 2 (sTNFR2) and Kidney Injury Molecule-1 (KIM-1) in human plasma combined with clinical data, using an artificial intelligence-derived algorithm to produce a composite risk score.

It is indicated for use as an aid to further assess the risk of progressive decline in kidney function within a period of up to 5 years in patients over the age of 21 with Type 2 diabetes and existing chronic kidney disease. Patients with chronic kidney disease will have an estimated glomerular filtration rate [eGFR] of 30-59 ml/min/1.73 m² [G3a, G3b]* or an eGFR \geq 60 with albuminuria [UACR] \geq 30 mg/g [A2, A3]*.

A progressive decline in kidney function occurs when one or more of the following conditions are observed:

- Rapid Kidney Function Decline (RKFD) defined as an eGFR slope of ≥ 5 ml/min/1.73 m²/year
- Sustained decrease in eGFR \ge 40% confirmed at least 3 months apart
- Kidney Failure, defined by sustained eGFR < 15 ml/min/1.73 m², initiation of long-term dialysis, or kidney transplantation.

KidneyIntelX is not intended as a screening or stand-alone diagnostic test. * KDIGO 2012 Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Evaluation and Management of CKD

